

MCQ1: _____ is used in Greek when the subject is being acted by an outside agent

Answer: Present passive indicative

MCQ2: The "u" stem nouns of the third declension in Greek are mostly to be

Answer: Dative

MCQ3: _____ mood is one of the moods that are used to express action that is not actually taking place

Answer: Subjunctive

MCQ4: The nouns of the third declension that are mostly masculine _____

Answer: The u stem

MCQ5: How many functions are performed by the imperfect tense in Greek language?

Answer: 3

MCQ6: The use of Greek article to point out particular identity in Greek is refers to as _____

Answer: articular use of a noun

MCQ7: The elements of the verb which indicates the relationship between the subject and action is called the _____

Answer: voice

MCQ8: The pronouns that are similar to interrogative pronouns except that they are enclitics are called _____ pronoun

Answer: indefinite

MCQ9: The pronouns that are similar to interrogative pronouns except that they are enclitics are called _____ pronoun

Answer: indefinite

MCQ10: _____ is the simple future that predicts what will happen

Answer: Simple predictive future

MCQ11: Which of these is not a punctuation marks in Greek?

Answer: Question mark

MCQ12: How many rules are guiding the acute accent in Greek language?

Answer: 4

MCQ13: The _____ is the quality of the verb which has to do with the action

Answer: tense

MCQ14: The imperfect tense that is used to lay emphasis on the beginning of an action in the past time is _____

Answer: inceptive imperfect

MCQ15: How many breathing marks do we have in Greek language?

Answer: 2

MCQ16: The special class of "W" verbs are called _____

Answer: contrast

MCQ17: The absence of definite article implies the _____

Answer: indefinite article

MCQ18: Which of these is not type of mute consonants? _____

Answer: Conjuncture

MCQ19: The number of declension in Greek language are _____ forms

Answer: 3

MCQ20: _____ aorist is formed using the argument and adding consonant ΑÆ

Answer: First

MCQ21: The word used to refer to the various functions that nouns perform in sentence is called _____ Greek

Answer: Koine

MCQ22: How many cases make up the Greek noun? _____

Answer: 5 cases

MCQ23: _____ Greek is the key that unlocks the treasures of God in elucidating sermons, teachings and Bible studies

Answer: Koine

MCQ24: The pronoun which expresses the action of the subject upon itself is _____ pronoun

Answer: reflexive

MCQ25: Greek _____ occurs when two vowel sounds combine to become one single sound

Answer: diphthong

MCQ26: The element of the verb which indicates the person talking is called the _____

Answer: person

MCQ27: How many variations are in second declension of Greek noun?

Answer: 5

MCQ28: Which of these is a secondary tense because it deals with the actions in the

past time? _____

Answer: Aorist

MCQ29: The mood that appears only in the present and aorist tenses is called _____

Answer: imperative

MCQ30: _____ pronoun combines the form of relative and indefinite pronoun and is more qualitative in function

Answer: Indefinite

MCQ31: The stem that is obtained by adding ἈΕ to the verb stem is _____

Answer: future stem

MCQ32: How many cases do we have in Greek noun

Answer: 4

MCQ33: _____ case is the subject of the sentence

Answer: Nominative

MCQ34: The declension in Greek language that has mainly masculine and neuter nouns is called _____

Answer: Second

MCQ35: _____ declension in Greek has two masculine nouns

Answer: First

MCQ36: The number of systems in the first declension of the masculine nouns in Greek language are _____ declension system

Answer: 5

MCQ37: How many punctuation marks are there in Greek? _____

Answer: 4

MCQ38: Which of these functions as the topic or object of the sentence?

Answer: The noun

MCQ39: The Greek words ending with Ο are called _____

Answer: gender nouns

MCQ40: Greek _____ case is used as the case of designation or to complete the thought of the subject of the sentence

Answer: nominative

MCQ41: The rules guiding the circumflex accent in Greek language as _____

Answer: 4

MCQ42: Which of these is not the form of declension in Greek language? The

_____ declension

Answer: fourth

MCQ43: _____ subjunctive is used to express a rhetorical question

Answer: Prohibitive

MCQ44: How many cases does the Greek language have?

Answer: 8

MCQ45: The declension in Greek that has all the three genders is called _____

Answer: Third

MCQ46: The pronoun that is used to introduce direct or indirect questions is _____

Answer: interrogative

MCQ47: Which of these Greek cases is used for the direct object in Greek language?
_____ case

Answer: Accusative

MCQ48: _____ is used to show actions repeated in the past time

Answer: Iterative imperfect

MCQ49: The _____ is the element of a verb that indicates the relation of the action to reality

Answer: mood

MCQ50: The "eu" stem nouns of third declension in Greek are all called _____ Greek nouns

Answer: masculine

FBQ1: How many breathing marks do we have in Greek language?

Answer: 2

FBQ2: The noun that functions in Greek language as the indirect object is called _____ case

Answer: dative

FBQ3: How many variations has the first declension in Greek language?

Answer: 5

FBQ4: The _____ declension is made up of three feminine nouns

Answer: first

FBQ5: The command that is used to give positive command is _____

Answer: cohortative

FBQ6: The stem that is obtained by adding ἈΕ to the verb stem is _____ stem
Answer: future

FBQ7: _____ colon (:) functions like the English of semi-colon
Answer: greek

FBQ8: _____ tense indicates continuous action in the past
Answer: imperfect

FBQ9: The Greek words ending with O are called _____ noun
Answer: masculine

FBQ10: The absence of definite article implies the _____ article
Answer: indefinite

FBQ11: The element of the verb which indicates the person talking is called the _____
Answer: person

FBQ12: The "eu" stem nouns of third declension in Greek are all called _____ noun
Answer: masculine

FBQ13: Another term used to describe iterative perfect tense is _____
Answer: repeated

FBQ14: The _____ is the element of a verb that indicates the relation of the action to reality
Answer: mood

FBQ15: The nouns of the third declension that are mostly masculine the _____ stem
Answer: u

FBQ16: _____ case is the subject of the sentence
Answer: nominative

FBQ17: The rules guiding the circumflex accent in Greek language as _____ in number
Answer: 4

FBQ18: Present _____ indicative is used in Greek when the subject is being acted by an outside agent
Answer: passive

FBQ19: Culminative function is one the characteristics of _____ tense
Answer: aorist

FBQ20: The pronouns that must agrees with the noun in gender, case and number

is _____

Answer: possessive

FBQ21: _____ stem is formed by adding "sigma" to the verb's stem

Answer: future

FBQ22: The full stop is a _____ mark in Greek grammar and syntax

Answer: punctuation

FBQ23: _____ Greek is the key that treasures of God in elucidating sermons, teachings and Bible studies

Answer: Koine

FBQ24: The pronoun which expresses the action of the subject upon itself is _____ pronoun

Answer: reflexive

FBQ25: How many functions are performed by the imperfect tense in Greek language?

Answer: 3

FBQ26: Greek has three forms of declension: the first, the third and the _____

Answer: Second

FBQ27: The tenses which carry the time of the action and the kind of action are as present _____ indicative

Answer: active

FBQ28: The grave accent can be placed only on one _____

Answer: syllable

FBQ29: Greek _____ occurs when two vowel sounds combine to become one single sound

Answer: diphthong

FBQ30: The mute stem is a stem of noun in the _____ declension in Greek

Answer: third

FBQ31: The imperfect tense that is used to lay emphasis at the beginning of an action in the past time is _____ imperfect

Answer: inceptive

FBQ32: The elements of the verb which indicates the relationship between the subject and action is called the _____

Answer: voice

FBQ33: Labial is identified as one of the _____ consonants

Answer: mute

FBQ34: How many ways aorist tense is formed in Greek language?

Answer: 2

FBQ35: _____ command is used to give negative command and prohibits the commencement of an action

Answer: Prohibitive

FBQ36: How many punctuation marks are there in Greek? _____

Answer: 4

FBQ37: The Greek punctuation marks that correspond with English language are comma and _____

Answer: stop

FBQ38: How many keys are used in mastering Greek language?

Answer: 5

FBQ39: How many Greek vowels are always short? _____

Answer: 2

FBQ40: The _____ case is used in Greek syntax for the direct object

Answer: accusative

FBQ41: The number of systems in the first declension of the masculine nouns in Greek language are _____ declension system

Answer: 5

FBQ42: The special class of "W" verbs are called _____

Answer: contrast

FBQ43: The mood that appears only in the present and aorist tenses is called _____

Answer: imperative

FBQ44: The U stems of the third declension are mostly _____

Answer: masculine

FBQ45: How many rules are guiding the acute accent in Greek language?

Answer: 4

FBQ46: The _____ tense among others has an ingressive function

Answer: aorist

FBQ47: _____ declension in Greek has two masculine forms

Answer: first

FBQ48: The pronoun that is used to introduce direct or indirect questions is _____

Answer: interrogative

FBQ49: The _____ functions in Greek grammar as the topic of object of the sentence

Answer: noun

FBQ50: The colon is is a _____ mark in Greek grammar and syntax

Answer: punctuation