

CSS211 List of eExam Questions in the Bank

Latex formatted questions may not properly render

Q1 The approach considers persons under the age of 18 to be juvenile. However, when children under this age commit serious crime such as murder, they may be prosecuted as adults

Q2 In girls, the growth spurts in first menstrual period (Menarche) is between years

Q3 The defines delinquency as any act, course or conduct, or situation which might be brought before the court and adjudicated

Q4 The concept of delinquency was viewed in different perspectives

Q5 The author was the exponent that all children are by nature evil

Q6 Coroner is one of other sources of procedures

Q7 The criminal procedure Act (CPA) cap.43 LFN 1958 operates in the states

Q8 The principal enactments of the law are the criminal procedure Act (CPA) and

Q9 The eye for an eye and tooth for a tooth concept of punishment is

Q10 The constitution that interpreted to forbid any criminal law to violates fairness and equality of a person's right is

Q11 A juvenile may be placed for a specified period with a maximum of years under the supervision of probation officers

Q12 Borstal is one of the approved institutions where the is sent for correction

Q13 In the UNconvention on the Right of a child defines the age of a child as anyone who is from years

Q14 The law which defines offences as well as the rights and duties of citizens is

Q15 The process of helping a criminal to attain or regain his potential as a citizen is .

Q16 The act of restraining a criminal from taking certain actions is known as

Q17 The criminal justice system takes revenge on the offender through a process known as

Q18 The refrigerant that damage and increase skin cancer risk is called

Q19 Any criminal law that conflicts with the various provisions of the constitution will definitely be challenged in the court

Q20 No child shall be subjected to torture, cruel treatment or punishment, unlawful arrest or deprivation of liberty is contain in UN Article

Q21 The penal code which is applicable in the Northern states of Nigeria stipulates that sexual intercourse with a girl below the age of years is rape, and attracts life imprisonment.

Q22 The criminal code, section cap 77 laws of the Federation of Nigeria 1990 make it an offence to defile a girl.

Q23 The criminal code in section is very clear on the offence of abduction, enticement and inducement.

Q24 By section 30 of the Nigerian criminal code, a person under the age of years is not criminally responsible for an act or omission.

Q25 The law that guaranteed children not to be subjected to unlawful arrest or deprivation of liberty is contained in _Acts.

Q26 The criminal justice process of an alleged offender is dealt on the trial, and possible of the offender

Q27 When a prosecutor decided to take no further action to a case such action is known as

Q28 The punishment such as punishment is not recognized by Nigerian secondary and tertiary institution and courts today.

Q29 The law making, conviction, sentencing and administration of penalties are complex process for _punishment of offenders.

Q30 In 1970, after the Nigerian – Biafran war, there was an ever-increase rates of crime which prompted the government to introduce punishment.

Q31 Probation comes from the latin word probare, which means

Q32 Technically, probation, which may be granted only by the court, is a form of

Q33 The shaming process of returning the offender was advocated by

Q34 The process of preparing both the community and offender for the offender's return is

Q35 The justice may be the model that best serves alternative sanctions to crime

Q36 The focus point of rehabilitation perspective is on how punishment can be used to the offender's behavior.

Q37 when a juvenile court sentences a juvenile, the offender must be admitted to home.

Q38 The otherwise called sedative or hypnotics are drugs that have effects on the brain

Q39 The are drugs which diminish the awareness of sensory impulses, especially pain, by the brain

Q40 The are drugs that stimulate the central nervous system and alter the state of the user

Q41 A condition where people actively seek a life with new thrills and pleasure instead of pain, and tedium of work is called

Q42 The social problem in which a significant number of people find faults with the behaviour of children in the society is called _.

Q43 The offences are those offences or act which would not be considered as an offence if it is committed by an adult

Q44 The drugs which diminish the awareness of sensory impulses, especially pain, by the brain are called

Q45 Barbiturates is an example of

Q46 The depressants otherwise called are drugs that have effects on the brain

Q47 Merton noted that the society places enormous emphasis on the pursuit of material success.

Q48 The concept of Anomie as a form of sociological interpretation of Crime and Delinquency is linked to

Q49 Retreatism refers to

Q50 The parens patriae doctrine means

Q51 The Juvenile court is otherwise known as court because of its paternalistic philosophy .

Q52 For mead, an objective self- me means

Q53 4 According to Mead and Cooley, society is possible because of communication involving shared

Q54 Give a dog a bad name means

Q55 when people define situations as real they become real in their consequences” was quoted by

Q56 Criminal justice is the criminal procedures and array of activities which have to do with the of the body of law

Q57 According to Cloward and Ohlin criminality is prominent on the class

Q58 According to Durkheim the social cohesion represents a collective in the society

Q59 Durkheim introduced the concept of Anomie derived from ___word meaning “without norms”.

Q60 Those who broke rules but have never been caught or officially labeled are the deviants

Q61 Shaming is defined as a disapproval

Q62 According to shaming may go further to stigmatize the person labeled.

Q63 The level of legislation is made up of the state house of assemblies and local councilors.

Q64 The federal level is consists of Chambers

Q65 The concurrent list in Nigeria is one of the ___powers.

Q66 The positivists distinguished between physical laws and laws.

Q67 The positivists ideology was characterised by

Q68 law is the command of a political sovereign to a political inferior, which is backed by sanction upon disobedience was advocated by .

Q69 8 The exponent of the Realist School who sees law as an expression of the state through the court is

Q70 The law of contract, property law, tort, family law and succession, commercial law, equity and trust, etc. are examples of ___law

Q71 The constitutional law, administrative law, criminal law, revenue law are examples of law

Q72 common law is developed by courts from the common customs and practices in

Q73 Municipal law and international law are classified based on its limitations in law

Q74 The _____ prescribe and proscribe legal activities and stipulate penalties for the violation of laws

Q75 The definition of offences states the _____ acts such as murder, sexual assault, robbery, or theft.

Q76 In Northern Nigeria, the penal code, Section _____ advocated for Indecent treatment of girls under 16 years.

223

220

221

222

Q77 The United Nations convention on the rights of the Child states Article _____ to make every effort to prevent the sale, trafficking and abduction of children.

32

33

34

35

Q78 The United Nations convention on the rights of the Child states Article _____ shall protect children from sexual exploitation and abuse.

33

34

35

36

Q79 The United Nations convention on the rights of the Child states Article _____ shall protect the child from all forms of maltreatment by parents

18

19

20

21

Q80 Once children are labeled delinquent, they become _____.

Bad name

give a label

delinquent

jealousy

Q81 when a person already has a bad reputation, it is difficult to change it because others will continue to blame or suspect him, i.e. _____

bad name

give a label

give a dog a bad name
jealousy

Q82 The theory has a number of roots on the idea of W.I. Thomas that “when people define situations as real they become real in their consequences”. This means ____

self-motivation
fulfilling prophecy
self-fulfilling prophecy
prophecy

Q83 Aichhorn discussed the situation above as a balance between the ‘pleasure’ principle and the ____ principle.

asocial
reality
dissocial
social

Q84 where the child stimulates social adjustment by suppressing his instinctual wishes so that a state of latent delinquency arises is called ____

asocial
primitive
social
dissocial

Q85 The ____ approach looks at a wide range of disruptive behaviours that may involve aggression towards others.

mental health
Parental
legal
Latent

Q86 The child who demands direct primitive instinctual satisfaction without regard for the world around him is ____.

asocial
social
primitive
civilised

Q87 Aichhorn establishes that every child is at first and ____ being.

asocial
social
primitive
civilised

Q88 An unresolved ____ complex may murder his father or commit a symbolic act of sexual intercourse with his mother

Oedipus
symbolic

incomplete
socialization

Q89 The concept of differential association theory as propounded by ____

Erving Goffman
Emile Durkheim
Edwin Sutherland
Sigmund Freud

Q90 The roots of delinquent behaviour is to delve into the individual's background such as these except ____

Criminals
unconscious minds
trait
personality

Q91 The greatest contributor to the development of psychoanalytic theory is ____

Erving Goffman
Emile Durkheim
Robert Merton
Sigmund Freud

Q92 The ____ approach regards delinquent behaviour as that which interrupts or disturbs classroom learning

parental
legal
Educational
gambling

Q93 crimes against public order include these, except ____

breaches of peace
public drunkenness
forgery
vagrancy

Q94 crimes against property include ____

robbery and kidnapping
forgery
embezzlement
burglary

Q95 crimes against the person include ____

homicide
rape
robbery and kidnapping
forgery

Q96 The formal norms and sanctions are evident in the forms of these three

except _____

Criminal law

Civil law

Administrative laws.

social behaviour

Q97 Formal norms and sanctions are _____.

codified

formalized

Unwritten

set procedures

Q98 According to _____, the prison is a total institution.

Erving Goffman

Emile Durkheim

Robert Merton

Eric Johnson

Q99 Section _____ of the 1979 constitution of Nigeria covers the right to fair hearing which also includes the presumption of innocence.

33

34

35

36

Q100 The _____ force is the primary points of contact between the population and the criminal laws.

Soldier

JTF

police

Court

Q101 The social habits and repetition, which become the basis of an order of social behaviour is _____

social practice

Customs

social acts.

habit

Q102 That process which brings about conformity to society's norms and law is _____

Social institutions

state authority

individual actions

Social control

Q103 That which defines expected or appropriately behavior for particular situations lack specificity to how and when they apply is _____

values

social norms
cultures
belief

Q104 Delinquent behaviour is divided into two categories. One of them is ____

Non-negligent Manslaughter
aggravated assault
Status' Offences
forcible rape

Q105 Informal airing of disputes involving kinsmen and friend of the litigants is ____.

magistrate
Moots
court
procedure

Q106 In Lineages, those who behave as the society expects them to behave are likely to receive the best plots of ____.

Gifts
Land
House
Token

Q107 One means by which corporate lineages exert reaction over its members is ____.

physical
peer group
Economic
psychological

Q108 The ____ is the major factor by the lineages from which people derive their primary identity.

Association
Fight
property
Tradition

Q109 Corporate lineages play a dormant role in most small scale ____ societies.

private
corporate
acephalous
state

Q110 Indeed gossip, ostracism, rumour, derision are all powerful corrective measures for reforming ____ behaviour.

physical
Ecological

social
psychological

Q111 These mechanisms such as socialization, public opinion, corporate lineages, familial systems and moths is associated with_____

urban
advanced
literate
preliterate

Q112 Informal social control is associated with _____ societies

urban
advanced
literate
preliterate

Q113 Social structure is the widely used term for _____ organization.

physical
Economic
Social
Ecological

Q114 _____ defined crime as a behaviour that shocks the sentiments of all “healthy” consciences.

Emile Durkheim
Surtherland
Merton
Mead

Q115 The material that is intended to arouse people sexually by portraying sexual matters in visual or verbal terms is _____

beauty
clothes
Pornography
pictures

Q116 According to _____ the denial of responsibility is one of the neutralization techniques in which people refuse to be held personally accountable for one’s action.

Sykes and Matza (1957),
chukwunka(1992)
Johnson(2014)
Durkheim and Johnson (2014)

Q117 At the end of the Nigeria-Biafra War in _____, the nation experienced an increase in violent crimes.

1969
1970
1971

1967

Q118 rotten apples spoil the barrel means_____

- peoples orientation increses deinquency
- Association kills delinquent
- peer decreases deinquent behaviour
- Association increases delinquent behavior

Q119 birds of a feather flock together means_____

- peoples orientation
- group association
- delinquent peer association
- children's association

Q120 Adolescents who do not have a stake on conformity sometimes join

- groups
- gangs
- ganderms
- peers

Q121 Opportunities to learn to commit crime are associated with the _____ organization of a community.

- physical
- Ecological
- Economic
- social

Q122 According to____ community is the agent for the internalization of values, ideas, beliefs and customs through the process of learning.

- Chukwunka(1992)
- Durkheim(2014)
- Johnson(2014)
- Obohia(2014)

Q123 There are _____ principal sources of crime statistics

- two
- three
- four
- five

Q124 The variety of crimes may be committed against the government except_____

- civil-rights violations
- Manslaughter
- official corruption
- obstruction of justice

Q125 The conditions must be present in order for a charge of embezzlement to

be relevant are ____

There must be a fiduciary relationship between the three parties.

The defendant's actions were intentional.

The defendant must have taken ownership of the property

There must be a fiduciary relationship between the two parties.

Q126 Crime committed by a person of respectability and high social status in the course of his occupation is called _____

elite crime

red-collar crime

blue-collar crime

white-collar crime

Q127 Property crimes involve the following

trafficking

vandalism

fraud

burglary

Q128 These are violent crimes except ____

murder

trafficking

robbery

manslaughter

Q129 operant conditioning is drawn from the field of _____.

psychology

Ecology

Sociology

Economics

Q130 According to _____, delinquency behaviour is learned.

Summer

Johnson

Sutherland

Chukwuka

Q131 The concept of _____ philosophy which states that the state acts as the benevolent parent to assume responsibility for the care of the children.

family

peer group

Puritan

paternalistic

Q132 The juvenile court reaffirmed and extended on the _____ doctrine

parens patriae

Peer group

parent

Puritans

Q133 The family courts deal with laws that are family-related as well as issues of _____

- Frustration relations
- children relations
- domestic relations
- jungle relations

Q134 The family courts were first established in the _____ in 1910.

- United States
- Ndoki
- Biafra
- Greek

Q135 The family courts were first called _____

- frustration courts
- children courts
- domestic relations courts
- jungle courts

Q136 According to Merton, drug abuse causes _____.

- competitive
- legitimate
- delinquency
- materialistic

Q137 Alarmists view of the family and its impact on delinquency is based on these, except _____

- parental absence
- leniency
- inadequate supervision
- emotional closeness.

Q138 Family relationships are built around _____ and control of activities.

- physical
- Neglect
- excessively
- dominance

Q139 The ____ approach regards delinquency as fighting with siblings, destruction of property, stealing of money from the family members

- trouble
- Educational
- Parental
- connections

Q140 Marcia called Adolescence as a period with _____.

- Moral status
- Moratorium status

tension status
conflict status

Q141 where the social patterns, interests and attitudes of the peer group differ considerably from the parents, we call it _____

generation gap
peer group
influence of parents
generation group

Q142 According to the psychological view, adolescence is characterized by _____

emotional
storm
stress
All Of the Above

Q143 Almost anything that youth does that others do not like is called _____.

delinquent
deviant
Juvenile Delinquency
Crime

Q144 The youths who are not able to achieve success are most likely to choose _____ options

frustration
delinquency
Retreatism
deviant

Q145 According to the author _____, among the youths marijuana is the second most common drug abused after alcohol .

Chukwuka(1992)
Butt (1975)
Tappan(2005)
Obohia(2011)

Q146 Cannabis is obtained from the Indian hemp plant called _____

kaya
cannabis sativa
eegbo
stone

Q147 The barbiturates and mild tranquilizers are called _____ pills

Energy
sleeping
power
strength

Q148 Cocaine is called _____ or blow in Nigerian streets.

gamji
gbana
snow
staff

Q149 The drugs are used to increase energy and fighting spirit are_____

Amphetamines
opium
heroin
morphine

Q150 The _____ viewed juvenile delinquency as an offence against God and God's law.

Ndokis
sanaritans
theologians
Puritans

noungeeks.com