

FBQ1: _____ is important to the continued socio-economic survival of any people
Answer: *Security*

FBQ2: The Greek word "se-cura"™ means _____?
Answer: *Security*

FBQ3: _____ is provided to guarantee a set of vital rights and freedoms to all people
Answer: *Human Security*

FBQ4: The concept "security"™ developed mostly after
Answer: *World War II*

FBQ5: Theft, vandalism, sabotage, unauthorized entry, fire constitute threat to _____?
Answer: *Physical Security*

FBQ6: _____ is a means of protecting information systems from any illegitimate access and use
Answer: *Information Security*

FBQ7: The security of hardware and its components is also essential for overall _____
Answer: *Data protection*

FBQ8: _____ comprises actors that provide security for people and property under contract and for profit
Answer: *Private security industry*

FBQ9: _____ views physical security as a broad grouping
Answer: *Howe (1998)*

FBQ10: Fire, windstorm, flood, earthquake, etc. are examples of _____
Answer: *Natural hazards*

FBQ11: _____ is anyone who, not being national of the state against whose actions are directed at
Answer: *Mercenary*

FBQ12: _____ is the combination of propriety management and contractual line services.
Answer: *Hybrid system*

FBQ13: _____ is now the second largest money-spinner in Nigeria
Answer: *Security*

FBQ14: NISCO means _____
Answer: *Nigeria Investigation and Security Company*

FBQ15: The first private security outfit providing uniformed guards in Nigeria emerged in _____?

Answer: *1965*

FBQ16: Halogen security is an example of _____?

Answer: *Private Security*

FBQ17: _____ is organised along the capitalist mode of production

Answer: *Private Sector*

FBQ18: _____ have often been accused of supplying weapons to African countries

Answer: *Private Security Industries*

FBQ19: A lot of private properties were acquired by individuals and private Organizations in the _____?

Answer: *1970s*

FBQ20: The numbers of Police and population ratio in Nigeria is _____?

Answer: *1:400*

FBQ21: _____ refers to the security departments that exist within businesses or corporations

Answer: *Corporate Security*

FBQ22: The Private Guards Companies Act Cap 367 came into existence in _____

Answer: *1986*

FBQ23: _____ is the Act regulating the licensing of Private Security Companies (PSC) in Nigeria

Answer: *Private Guards Companies Act Cap 367*

FBQ24: _____ contains the stipulated requirement for the licensing of Private Guard Companies in Nigeria

Answer: *Section 1 subsection (1) and (2) of the Private Guard Companies Act*

FBQ25: The last quarter of this century is characterised by a widespread outsourcing of _____?

Answer: *Policing Activities*

FBQ26: The traditional legal powers that apply to "policing" are becoming _____?

Answer: *Outdated*

FBQ27: _____ is the most common option for private guards

Answer: *Do nothing option*

FBQ28: _____ controls and administers the activities of Private Guards Companies in Nigeria
Answer: *The Ministry of Interior*

FBQ29: The full meaning of NSCDC is _____
Answer: *National Security and Civil Defence Corps*

FBQ30: Private security service is typically provided to clients for a _____?
Answer: *Fee*

FBQ31: _____ is the process of structuring human and physical resources in order to accomplish organizational objectives
Answer: *Organizing*

FBQ32: _____ refers to unauthorized recording of a musical broadcast on radio, television or a live concert
Answer: *Bootlegging*

FBQ33: _____ describes the command structure and responsibilities of officers of a limited-service security firm.
Answer: *Organisational Structure*

FBQ34: _____ structure of the private guards is determined by the company they work for
Answer: *Wage*

FBQ35: _____ is the bedrock of the Administrative department
Answer: *Coordination*

FBQ36: _____ plays a vital role in a security firm's efficient operation
Answer: *Human resources department*

FBQ37: Recording financial transactions, preparing and interpreting financial statements are among the traditional roles of _____?
Answer: *Accounting Department*

FBQ38: _____ carries the core responsibility of a security firm
Answer: *Operations Department*

FBQ39: _____ are the primary functions of subordinate staff
Answer: *Clerical and cleaning jobs*

FBQ40: Nigerian business organisations picked up on the "quality circle" concept in the _____?
Answer: *Mid-1990s*

FBQ41: _____ consists of a series of relationships from the highest position in the organization to the lowest.
Answer: *Chain of command*

FBQ42: _____ has become a more frequent style of operation in security management

Answer: *Decentralization*

FBQ43: NCC means _____

Answer: *Nigeria Copyright Commission*

FBQ44: _____ is the most important strength of a functional organization

Answer: *Efficiency*

FBQ45: _____ is the retention of decision-making authority by a high-level manager

Answer: *Centralization*

FBQ46: _____ has monopoly and the legitimate use of force

Answer: *State*

FBQ47: NDDC means _____

Answer: *Niger Delta Development Commission*

FBQ48: _____ prohibits private security companies from carrying firearms

Answer: *The Private Guards Act of 1986*

FBQ49: _____ is often regarded as internal security

Answer: *Homeland Security*

FBQ50: EFCC means _____?

Answer: *Economic and Financial Crimes Commission*

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):

MCQ1: Private security training has been of central concern to _____

Answer: Community developer

MCQ2: APSPN means _____

Answer: Association of Private Security Practitioners of Nigeria

MCQ3: Handgun, handcuffs, flashlight, handcuff keys, pepper spray etc. are the basic equipment usually carried by _____?

Answer: Educational Officers

MCQ4: _____ is one of the security equipment that are highly restricted by law

Answer: Firecracker

MCQ5: Analog and Digital Recorders, Phone Recorders, Dictation Pens, Watch Recorders, Audio Device Accessories are examples of _____

Answer: Visual Equipment

MCQ6: _____ have the authority to make a citizen's arrest

Answer: Research Officers

MCQ7: _____ tends to diminish theft, employee misconduct and safety rule violation, property damage, sabotage etc.

Answer: Construction Personnel

MCQ8: _____ is usually an important part of a security officer's duties

Answer: Controlling

MCQ9: _____ is the responsibility involving the protection of properties of a company

Answer: Strategic Director

MCQ10: _____ are principally concerned with the protection and conservation of corporate assets and resources

Answer: Risk Evaluation

MCQ11: _____ is an exhaustive physical examination of the premises and a thorough inspection of all operational systems and procedure

Answer: Security Stability

MCQ12: _____ is a rational and orderly approach, as well as comprehensive solution to problem identification and probability determination.

Answer: Risk Administration Analysis

MCQ13: _____ is done to make the task of risk analysis more manageable by establishing a base from which to proceed

Answer: Risk identification

MCQ14: _____ are used to facilitate the gathering of pertinent information

Answer: Security crossbreed

MCQ15: _____ is the primary vehicle used in a security assessment

Answer: Reconnaissance

MCQ16: CCTV means _____

Answer: Combating-Control Television

MCQ17: _____ authorizes the NSCDC to regulate activities of private security companies

Answer: NSCDC Act 2003

MCQ18: Prevention and detection of the unauthorized use of computer is the essence of _____?

Answer: Coordination and Intelligence Security

MCQ19: _____ represents the major technical area of computer security

Answer: CPU

MCQ20: _____ means trimming off small amount of money from many sources and

diverting these slices into one's own or an accomplice's account.

Answer: Salau Technique

MCQ21: _____ are all forms of malicious codes written with the aim of harming a computer system and destroy information.

Answer: Computer Agents

MCQ22: _____ is an unauthorized access or intrusion into a computer system

Answer: Tacking

MCQ23: _____ is one of the most serious frauds involving the stealing of money and obtaining other benefits by using false identity.

Answer: Navigational theft

MCQ24: Most security systems are based on _____?

Answer: Centimetre Protection

MCQ25: _____ can be broken into by individual possessing basic computer skills

Answer: Television system

MCQ26: _____ is the best way to protect any type of data

Answer: Encryption

MCQ27: _____ is not a recent phenomenon

Answer: Computer security

MCQ28: _____ have the right to monitor their own systems

Answer: Employee

MCQ29: The origin of the Civil Defence Corps dates back to the era of _____

Answer: Emperor Fero

MCQ30: The Nigeria Security and Civil Defence Corps (NSCDC) was established in

Answer: 1967

MCQ31: _____ transformed NSCDC from a voluntary organization to a full-fledged paramilitary organisation

Answer: Abdulsalam Abubakar

MCQ32: Halogen Security Company Limited was incorporated as a Private Limited Liability Company in _____

Answer: March 1992

MCQ33: _____ has been identified as one of the ways to address business challenges

Answer: Outgoing

MCQ34: _____ are facts of life that every business enterprise is exposed to

Answer: Risks

MCQ35: _____ is endemic to all social life
Answer: Cofmix

MCQ36: _____ is internal to the individual
Answer: International conflict

MCQ37: _____ emphasizes the interaction of human factors in an organization
Answer: Interpersonal conflict

MCQ38: _____ is predicated upon an incongruity between individual needs and organizational requirement
Answer: Interpersonal conflict

MCQ39: _____ are often called defence mechanisms
Answer: Cognitive strategies

MCQ40: _____ are extraordinarily complex
Answer: Interpersonal interactions

MCQ41: _____ does not focus on relatively automatic, unthinking responses
Answer: Problem-peddling

MCQ42: _____ is a natural consequence of organizational activities
Answer: Conflict between departments

MCQ43: _____ suggest that traditional conflict management strategies can only deal with the behavioural component in conflict and bring about a patchwork solution
Answer: Blake and Mouton

MCQ44: _____ approaches to interdepartmental conflict accept conflict situations as inevitable
Answer: Consultation-based

MCQ45: _____ are social entities segmented into hierarchies of departments and individuals
Answer: Occupations

MCQ46: _____ is an omnipresent feature of any organization.
Answer: Friendship

MCQ47: _____ are increasingly used to protect oil operations in Nigeria
Answer: Police Forces

MCQ48: _____ consists of services offered by local, state, and federal agencies
Answer: Public Policing

MCQ49: The reliance on _____ for armed private security services has raised a number of operational and ethical challenges

Answer: MoBol

MCQ50: _____ is an unauthorized duplication of sounds or images from a legitimate recording

Answer: Paddlocking