

MCQ1: The core aspect of a paragraph is its
Answer: Main idea

MCQ2: The main idea is usually couched in the
Answer: Topic sentence

MCQ3: Most topic sentences are usually _____ of the paragraph.
Answer: At the beginning

MCQ4: In most writings, the _____ in a paragraph tends to present the central theme in it.
Answer: First sentence

MCQ5: When using example as a paragraph development device, you will likely use one of these
Answer: For example

MCQ6: The central concern of narrative writing is
Answer: Telling a story

MCQ7: The major focus of a descriptive paragraph is to _____ about a thing or person.
Answer: Give details

MCQ8: A paragraph providing step by step details of a process of an experiment you just performed will be called _____.
Answer: Explanatory

MCQ9: "All men are women abusers" is an example of a statement that will be referred to as
Answer: Generalisation

MCQ10: When you write to the VC of your university, it is a(n)
Answer: Formal letter

MCQ11: A major way of determining if a letter is informal or not is through the
Answer: Language usage

MCQ12: If you are writing a letter to your friend, one of the ways you will salute them is to start your letter with
Answer: Dear Sam

MCQ13: If you are to write a letter to your Faculty Dean, you are expected to write it _____ your Centre Director.
Answer: Through

MCQ14: When a patient dies of lung cancer attributable to his chain smoking habit, it would be right to say cigarette is _____ of his death.
Answer: Cause

MCQ15: Letter to the Editor is normally written to
Answer: Newspaper houses

MCQ16: A letter seeking for job is usually called
Answer: Application letter

MCQ17: You were offered jobs by two organisations, which letter will you write to the one you did not want to work with?
Answer: Letter of acceptance

MCQ18: If you have a job offer from more than one organisation, state the type of letter you are going to write to the organisation you do not wish to work with _____.
Answer: Letter to decline

MCQ19: An essay you write to present your class debate will be written in _____ language.
Answer: Formal

MCQ20: When you want to write a letter to accept a job offer, it should be done with
Answer: Gratitude

MCQ21: If you are seeking to further your studies, what sort of letter can your lecturer writer to support your quest?
Answer: Reference letter

MCQ22: When you want to sign off the letter to your friend, putting your full name and signature will be regarded as _____.
Answer: Out of order

MCQ23: You have siblings attending the conventional universities, if you are to write to the president to express your opinion on how the current ASUU strike should be handled, you are likely to express it as _____.
Answer: Newspaper article

MCQ24: If you are addressing a woman with her professional title, it is always better to address her without _____, except she requested otherwise.
Answer: Mrs.

MCQ25: When your letter ends with "Yours sincerely, Chuka" it is most probably a letter to
Answer: Your friend

MCQ26: A formal letter is usually expected to have _____ as the summary of its content.
Answer: A heading

MCQ27: Most letters to the editor tend to contain
Answer: complaints

MCQ28: If you witnessed an armed robbery incident, the report you will give to the Police is called

Answer: A statement

MCQ29: An experimental report will likely contain a thing like

Answer: Procedure

MCQ30: A core requirement for a scientific report is that it MUST be

Answer: Objective

MCQ31: When you are presenting only the salient points of a passage, you are doing

Answer: Summary writing

MCQ32: What best way do you think you can develop your summary writing skill?

Answer: By practising it daily

MCQ33: One good way of developing the summary of a passage is by taking the _____ in each paragraph.

Answer: main idea

MCQ34: Expansion materials are not acceptable in

Answer: A summary passage

MCQ35: To really master the summary writing skill, you must _____.

Answer: Learn to identify core points in the passage

FBQ1: A paragraph that presents a cause should have the _____ too for it to be considered good paragraph development strategy.

Answer: effect

FBQ2: In this sentence, "She has arrived, _____", its second part will likely be:

Answer: hasn't she

FBQ3: An English polar question will most probably be answered with a _____ or _____.

Answer: yes

FBQ4: A summary passage is expected to be _____ than the passage it was extracted from in terms of length.

Answer: shorter

FBQ5: When you use comparison in developing a paragraph, it means that, at least, _____ things are the focus of your writing.

Answer: two

FBQ6: The correct transcription of "back" is _____.

Answer: /bɒk/

FBQ7: The transcribed word /ɛfɛlvz/ is lexically written as _____.

Answer: shelves

FBQ8: The word transcribed as /lÉœv/ will be orthographically presented as _____.

Answer: love

FBQ9: â€˜How kind of you!â€™ is structurally regarded as _____ in the classification of sentences.

Answer: simple

FBQ10: The transcription /jÉ”t/ will normally represent _____ word in English.

Answer: yacht

FBQ11: The transcribed word /kÉµm/ here is _____.

Answer: comb

FBQ12: This word â€˜examinationâ€™ has the main stress on its _____ syllable.

Answer: fourth

FBQ13: The word â€˜Registrarâ€™ has _____ syllables.

Answer: three

FBQ14: Transcribe the word â€˜childrenâ€™.

Answer: ÉšÉˆldrÉ™n

FBQ15: Give the transcribed form of the word â€˜shotâ€™ _____.

Answer: /ÉfÉ”t/

FBQ16: /Î,Éˆn/ would be a transcript of _____.

Answer: thin

FBQ17: /ÉfÉ™:t/ is a transcription of _____.

Answer: shirt

FBQ18: Transcribe the word â€˜clothâ€™ _____.

Answer: /klÉ”Î, /

FBQ19: Indicate the number of syllables in this word â€˜kingshipâ€™ _____.

Answer: two

FBQ20: The word transcribed as /wÉ”ndÉ™/ is written in English as _____

Answer: wonder

FBQ21: â€˜I will see you tomorrow, God willingâ€™ will functionally be described as: _____.

Answer: A statement

FBQ22: â€˜Whenever he arrives, tell him to come inâ€™ is functionally regarded as _____ sentence.

Answer: command

FBQ23: "He came, he saw, he conquered"™ could be structurally described as _____.

Answer: compound sentence

FBQ24: "The boy that came to visit me is my nephew; he is in the University of Lagos, doing his first degree"™ is a sentence that is structurally _____.

Answer: compound-complex

FBQ25: "I just love to read!"™ is functionally _____.

Answer: exclamation

FBQ26: One way of developing paragraphs is by _____ one thing with another, which usually brings together positive features of the two elements.

Answer: comparing

FBQ27: You can also bring together two things in a negative sense; this is called _____ because it brings side by side negative features of those elements being focused.

Answer: contrast

FBQ28: When a group of scholars come together to discuss a topic in their department, it is usually known as _____.

Answer: seminar

FBQ29: To moderate a seminar session, the person to chair is usually expected to be _____ in that field of study.

Answer: An expert

FBQ30: A seminar cover page is expected to give the _____ of the writer to identify who it is that did the work.

Answer: name

FBQ31: Seminar presentation is usually the _____ end of writing it.

Answer: logical

FBQ32: When a seminar paper stirs up debate about the topic of discussion it is focused on, it is considered _____.

Answer: good

FBQ33: A seminar paper that has every point raised acceptable to the audience would be considered _____.

Answer: suspect

FBQ34: Every culture has its manner of doing _____ in the public, depending on the acceptable way of speaking to its community members.

Answer: oratory

FBQ 35: "I stand on the existing protocols"™ appears to be a _____ cultural thing.

Answer: Nigerian