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☐	Question Type	Question	A	B	C	D	Answer	Remark
☐	FBQ	Chile and Venezuela withdrew their membership in 1976 and 2006, respectively in the Community	Andean					eExam
☐	FBQ	The name of the country in the global South that has contributed in the construction of the Inga Dam to provide electricity _?	South Africa					eExam
☐	FBQ	Inga Dam is located in country	Congo					eExam
☐	FBQ	The military led by Johnny Koroma overthrew	Tejjan Kabbah					eExam
☐	FBQ	approach has premised security on the idea that states were predisposed to cooperate with one another if they could be assured that through cooperation, they could achieve security	Idealist					eExam
☐	FBQ	The first case study of ECOMOG in the West African sub-region was in	Liberia					eExam
☐	FBQ	When a state interprets the action taken by another state as something that poses an immediate threat to the integrity of the state, this is known as	securitisation					eExam

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☐	FBQ	The absence of threat to the core values of a state is referred to as 	national security					eExam
☐	FBQ	Organisation of African Unity metamorphosed into the 	African Union					eExam
☐	FBQ	In Africa, regionalism is principally undergirded by motive	political					eExam
☐	FBQ	The North Atlantic Treaty Organisation was established by the Treaty of 	Montevideo					eExam
☐	FBQ	 refers to the to cooperative activities between newly industrialised southern countries and other, lesser-developed, nations of the Southern Hemisphere	South-South Cooperation					eExam
☐	FBQ	The Conference formed the launching pad for Afro-Asian relations	Bandung					eExam
☐	FBQ	Technology transfer in the South-South is most evidence in the following area of research	biomedical					eExam
☐	FBQ	The Andean Community was created by the Treaty of 	Cartagena					eExam
☐	FBQ	During the Summit, members recommended for the convening of groups of experts to review the agendas of major multilateral conferences and guide developing countries regarding their desirable outcome	South					eExam

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☐	FBQ	The establishment of the Agreement is regarded as the beginning of South-South Cooperation	Customs Union					eExam
☐	FBQ	The first effort at South-South Cooperation started in the year 	1939	nineteen thirty nine				eExam
☐	FBQ	 refers to an organised movement of nations that attempted to form a third world force through a policy of non-attachment with the United States and Soviet Union.	Non-aligned Movement					eExam
☐	FBQ	The UN General Assembly changed the name of UNDP's Special Unit for Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries in the year to reflect a new reality in international affairs?	2003	two thousand and three				eExam
☐	FBQ	The absence of threat to the core values of a state is referred to as 	national security					eExam
☐	FBQ	West African Economic and Monetary Union was established in the year 	2002	two thousand and two				eExam
☐	FBQ	The acronym UEMOA stands for The 	The West African Economic and Monetary Union					eExam
☐	FBQ	The acronym SAARC stands for 	South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation					eExam
☐	FBQ	The approach has premised security on the idea that states were predisposed to cooperate with one another if they could be assured that through cooperation, they could achieve security.	Idealist					eExam

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☐	FBQ	The School posits that the end of the Cold War did not dramatically alter the organisation of the international system and that self-help, anarchy, and interdependence continues to be the guiding principles for states	realist					eExam
☐	FBQ	The absence of communication and trust among states encouraging them to provide for their own security is informed by the School	Realist					eExam
☐	FBQ	School sees the elimination of war as the precursor to security	Idealist					eExam
☐	FBQ	is regarded as the defacto leader in the global south	China					eExam
☐	FBQ	Fund supplements unilateral efforts by individual nations in the South to assist lesser-developed southern nations	South-South Cooperation					eExam
☐	FBQ	Comparatively, most of South-South Cooperation activities are in nature	economic					eExam
☐	FBQ	The concept of a "New International Economic Order" was launched at the Conference in 1973	Algiers					eExam
☐	FBQ	In which country is Trieste?	Italy					eExam

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☐	FBQ	The school posits that the end of the Cold War did not dramatically alter the organisation of the international system and that self-help, anarchy, and interdependence continues to be the guiding principles for states	realist	realpolitik				eExam
☐	FBQ	Bolivia, Chile, Mexico and Peru are both members of the Treaty of	Cartagena					eExam
☐	FBQ	The Cairns Group is represented in the FIPs by	Australia					eExam
☐	FBQ	During the 1970s and 1980s, institution played a key role in the struggle for the establishment of a new international economic order	Non-aligned movement					eExam
☐	FBQ	as an expression of continental identity and coherence, distinguishes regional integration in Africa from other regions in the developing world	Pan-Africanism					eExam
☐	FBQ	The acronym FIPs in the global south refers to	Five Interested Parties	5IPs				eExam
☐	FBQ	refers to cooperative activities between newly industrialised southern countries and other, lesser-developed, nations of the Southern Hemisphere?	South-South Cooperation					eExam
☐	FBQ	Technology embodies the movement and procurement of equipment and the appropriate knowledge and skills required for the production of societal needs.	Acquisition					eExam

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☐	FBQ	The absence of threat to the core values of a state is referred to as security	National					eExam
☐	FBQ	When a state interprets the action taken by another state as something that poses an immediate threat to the integrity of the state, this is known as 	Securitisisation	Securitization				eExam
☐	FBQ	China and signed an agreement in 1993 for the joint launching of environmental monitoring satellites in 1999 and 2003?	Brazil	Brasil				eExam
☐	FBQ	 refers to an organised movement of nations that attempted to form a third world force through a policy of non-attachment with the United States and Soviet Union?	Non-aligned Movement	NAM				eExam
☐	FBQ	A is an intermediary between the international system and the state?	region					eExam
☐	FBQ	The Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) was set up at the Summit	Belgrade					eExam
☐	FBQ	The first effort at South-South Cooperation started with the establishment of the 	Customs Union Agreement	CUA				eExam
☐	FBQ	By far, the principal South-South Cooperation activities are in nature	economic					eExam
☐	FBQ	 country has actively pursued partnerships across Africa, including the Inga Dam in the Congo which provides electricity?	South Africa					eExam

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☐	FBQ	 refers to an organised movement of nations that attempted to form a third world force through a policy of non-attachment with the United States and Soviet Union?	Non-aligned Movement	NAM				eExam
☐	FBQ	The developing countries unwillingness to accept the 'business as usual' approach led to the collapse of talks?	Cancun					eExam
☐	FBQ	 represents a framework for interaction among countries of the global South to enhance their economic growth?	South-South Cooperation					eExam
☐	FBQ	A distinct and significant sub-system of security relations that exists among a set of states whose fate is that they have been locked into close geographic proximity with one another is referred to as 	Regionalism					eExam
☐	FBQ	 has emerged as the de facto leader of South-South Cooperation?	China					eExam
☐	FBQ	The approach has constructed a definition for security that is premised on the idea that states were predisposed to cooperate with one another if they could be assured that through cooperation, they could achieve security?	Idealist					eExam
☐	FBQ	The Conference formed the launching pad for Afro-Asian relations?	Bandung					eExam

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☐	FBQ	In which country did the military led by Johnny Koroma overthrew the elected government of Teijan Kabbah? 	Burkina Faso					eExam
☐	FBQ	The Treaty of Cartagena created the Community	Andean					eExam
☐	FBQ	 as an expression of continental identity and coherence, distinguishes regional integration in Africa from other regions in the developing world	Pan-Africanism					eExam
☐	MCQ	When was the Arab League established?	On 01/03/1945	On 01/06/1946	On 2nd March 1945	On 3rd June 1945	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	The Non-aligned Movement has emphasised all the following principles EXCEPT?	multilateralism	equality	mutual non-aggression	realignment	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following are the main activities of South-South Cooperation EXCEPT?	economics nature	bilateral	multilateral	triangular	C	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following supplements unilateral efforts by individual nations such as China, India, Brazil, Egypt, and Japan to assist lesser-developed southern nations?	The Structural Funds	South-South Cohesion Fund	South-South Cooperation Fund	Social Cohesion Fund	C	eExam
☐	MCQ	Please pick out the odd one among the options in terms colonial attachment	Togo	Guinea Bissau	Cape Verde	Burkina Faso	C	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following EXCEPT one are regarded as pivotal countries in South-South Cooperation	Costa Rica	Ghana	Pakistan	Gambia	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	For regional organisations to achieve their goals in Africa, the new regionalism must address all the following key issues EXCEPT	overlapping membership	conflict	private sector participation	banking reforms	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	As a demonstration of the spirit of South-South Cooperation, which of the following invested in the New Rice for Africa?	China	India	Japan	Brazil	C	eExam

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☐	MCQ	Pick the odd one among the three new elements of the agenda of the South	sector by sector scale of priorities	participation of non-government entities	the importance of settling all disputes among developing countries by peaceful means	local and international migration	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	The Treaty of Cartagena had all the following as members EXCEPT?	Bolivia	Chile	Mexico	Peru	C	eExam
☐	MCQ	Cross Border Initiatives and Regional Integration Facilitation Forum is characterised by all the following EXCEPT	private sector participation	state led integration	avoidance of the creation of new institutions	out-ward orientation and openness	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following events led to the necessity of multilateral coordination fora between the countries of the South EXCEPT	The collapse of colonial empires	The emergence of a bipolar world	The emergence of a bipolar world	The rise of American hegemony	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	Since the collapse of a bipolar world structure, the non-aligned movement has been forced to re-emphasised all the following principles EXCEPT	national independence	multilateralism	equality	non-aggression	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	The Caracas Conference came up with all the following recommendations EXCEPT	an expert study of the proposal for a "solidarity fund"	peace/ security/ development and economic cooperation	a bank for developing countries	joint initiatives in marketing and technology transfers	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following was NOT a founding member of the Arab League?	Egypt	Iran	Syria	Saudi Arabia	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following events recommended for the convening of groups of experts to review the agendas of major multilateral conferences and guide developing countries regarding their desirable outcome?	Tenhran Session	Dubai Conference	South Summit	Bali Ministerial Conference	C	eExam
☐	MCQ	The Treaty of Cartagena created which of the following?	The Andean Community	Latin America Free Trade Area	New International Economic Order	West African Economic and Monetary Union	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of these institutions was established by the Treaty of Montevideo?	NATO	LAFTA	NAM	OAU	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following were prioritised by the Marrakech documents EXCEPT?	technology transfer	skill development	eliminating trade barriers	international cooperation	D	eExam

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☐	MCQ	Which of the following is not a primary objective of the non-aligned countries?	self - determination	national independence and the sovereignty and territorial integrity of States	the struggle against disarmament	alliances	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	During the 1970s and 1980s, which institution played a key role in the struggle for the establishment of a new international economic order?	Non-aligned movement	United Nation General Assembly	The Group of Seventy-Seven	China and India	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following EXCEPT one brought about a new international context that led to the necessity of multilateral coordination fora between the countries of the South	The creation and strengthening of the socialist bloc	the collapse of colonial empires	the emergence of a bipolar world	the strengthening of the United Nations	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following supported academic research and voluntary cooperative efforts between southern countries to promote South-South trade and investment?	The UN Special Unit for South-South Cooperation	the League of Nations	the creation of South-South Cooperation fund	the creation of the G-77 Development Fund	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following events weakened the powers of the Movement of Non-aligned Countries in the 1980s?	the collapse of the socialist bloc	the launch of the New International Economic Order	the emergence of China as an alternative power	Globalisation	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	The end of the Second World War led to all the following developments EXCEPT	The defeat of fascism	The rise of the socialist bloc	Bipolarity	Apartheid	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which among the following is NOT regarded as a principle of Non-aligned Movement?	Sustainable development	International peace and security	Political democratisation	disarmament	C	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following events stressed the need to develop and strengthen a partnership among the public and private sectors, entrepreneurs, non-governmental organizations, community based organizations and civil society?	San Jose Meeting	Cairo Ministerial Meeting	Caracas Conference	Bali Ministerial Conference	A	eExam

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☐	MCQ	Which of the following contend that because there is a fundamental absence of communication and trust among states it encourages states to provide for their own security?	Realists	Idealists	Behaviouralists	Historicists	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following has emphasised the need and the responsibility of industrialised countries to transfer technology to the South to promote and advance development?	1979 Vienna Conference on Science and Technology for Development	UN Commission on Science and Technology for Development	the UN Convention on Biological Diversity	the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	In which of the following schools is the elimination of war seen as the precursor to security?	Idealist school	The realist school	The normative school	The historic-legal school	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following are serious regional actors in the Global South EXCEPT	China	Egypt	Brazil	South Africa	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following schools posits that the end of the Cold War did not dramatically alter the organisation of the international system and that self-help, anarchy, and interdependence continues to be the guiding principles for states?	The realist school	The idealist school	The normative school	The historic-legal school	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	Since the time of Nigeria's independence onward, the traditional thought has been that science and technology involves all these interrelated actors EXCEPT	the infrastructure	production structure	government policies	sustainability	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which among the following African regional groupings was not in existence in the 1960s?	UDEAO	UDEAC	SACU	ECCAS	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	Cross Border Initiatives and Regional Integration Facilitation Forum is characterised by all the following EXCEPT	private sector participation	state led integration	avoidance of the creation of new institutions	out-ward orientation and openness	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following represents the Cairns Group in the Five Interested Parties (the FIPs)?	the US and EU	Brazil and India	Australia	South Africa and Egypt	C	eExam
☐	MCQ	The Lagos Plan of Action covers all the following themes EXCEPT	food and agriculture	development of human resources	women and development	domestic and international migration	D	eExam

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☐	MCQ	All the following countries EXCEPT one submitted a paper to the WTO on the impact of cotton subsidies on their farmers and economies in 2003?	Burkina Faso	Chad	Benin	Cameroon	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following countries is partnering with Tanzania in irrigation projects?	Mozambique	Egypt	Brazil	South Africa	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following are regarded as major weaknesses of regionalism in Africa EXCEPT	weak states	top-bottom approach	colonial ties	complimentary markets	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	Technology transfer in the South-South is most evident in which of the following areas	agricultural research	biomedical research	information and communication technology research	educational research	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	China has been criticised by the countries of the North in all the following areas EXCEPT	human rights abuse	resource extraction at the neglect of the environment	relationship with rogue states	economic growth	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	Regional security is basically hinged upon the elimination of threats to states bound based on all the following EXCEPT	legal	contiguous geographic space	common space	eliminating cooperation	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	According to which approach does a state whose capabilities outweighs those of other states can effectively exercise and project its authority on the international level without encountering significant threats?	Realism	Idealism	Normatism	Legalism	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following are regarded as the founding fathers of Non-aligned movement EXCEPT	Kwame Nkrumah	Sir Tafawa Balewa	Shri Jawaharlal Nehru	Gamal Abdel Nasser	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	The government's inability to mobilise resources and address the needs of its constituents making it very difficult for a state to consolidate power and to strengthen and legitimise the institutions while making strides towards development refers to all the following EXCEPT	fragile states	appendages states	failed states	weak states	B	eExam

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☐	MCQ	According to Buzan, which of the following is NOT a major characteristic of a security region?	two or more states	relative geographic proximity to one another	security interdependence within the regional level is more pronounced than at the global level	external threat	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following represents a framework for interaction among countries of the global South to enhance their economic growth?	Group of Seventy-Seven	South-South Cooperation	Non-aligned Movement	Group of Eight	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following events led to the necessity of multilateral coordination fora between the countries of the South EXCEPT	The creation and strengthening of the socialist bloc	The collapse of colonial empires	The emergence of a bipolar world	The rise of American hegemony	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	The Movement of Non-aligned Countries has been affected by all the following EXCEPT	Internal difficulties and conflicts	diverse agenda	diverse interests	homogenous membership	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	South-South Cooperation has identified topical issues such as globalisation, the debt burden, unfair trade practices, and the lack of democracy in international financial decision-making as factors inhibiting	cultural diversity and human rights	sustainable development	United Nations reforms	South-South cooperation	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	Regionalism in Africa is undergirded by the following motive EXCEPT	political	cultural	economic	Social	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which among the following countries was not instrumental to the founding of Non-aligned movement?	India	Indonesia	Yugoslavia	Brazil	D	eExam
☐	MCQ	ECOMOG contributed immensely to the return of peace in all the following countries EXCEPT	Liberia	Burkina Faso	Sierra Leone	Guinea-Bissau	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	All the following are regarded as non-military threats EXCEPT	Biological Weapons	Environmental degradation	HIV/AIDS	Population movement	C	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following refers to an organised movement of nations that attempted to form a third world force through a policy of non-attachment with the United States and Soviet Union?	Group of Seventy-Seven	South-South Cooperation	Non-aligned Movement	Bandung Conference	C	eExam

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☐	MCQ	Please pick out the odd one among the options in terms colonial attachment	Sierra Leone	Liberia	Guinea	Ghana	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following events stressed the need to establish a network of research institutions of the South and for a study of funding and institutional support?	The United Nations Framework	Cairo Ministerial Conference	Dubai Conference on Science and Technology	South Summit	B	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following is not a geographical organisation?	Organisation of American States	Economic Community of West African States	Economic Community of West African States	North Atlantic Treaty Organisation	A	eExam
☐	MCQ	Which of the following events formed the launching pad for Afro-Asian relations?	The Belgrade Summit	The Bandung Conference	The Gulf Cooperation Council	Caracas Conference	B	eExam

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