

FBQ1: Three hundred $\text{\AA}$ make one _____

Answer: *Wasq*

FBQ2: The ni $\text{\AA}$ for farm produce is five _____.

Answer: *Wasq*

FBQ3: The time for Ushr is the _____ season.

Answer: $\hat{\text{A}}$ *Harvest*

FBQ4: The current value of _____ should be used to assess the Zak $\text{\AA}$ of money.

Answer: *Silver*

FBQ5: From the point of view of Islam, all wealth and its resources belong to _____

Answer: *Allah*

FBQ6: Islam says that labourers should be paid their wages before their _____ dries off.

Answer: *Sweat*

FBQ7: Zak $\text{\AA}$ h aims at giving out specific percentage of one $\text{\AA}$'s wealth to a specific set of people at a specific _____

Answer: *Time*

FBQ8: Paying Zak $\text{\AA}$ is accepted while monopoly is _____

Answer: *Not accepted*

FBQ9: Zak $\text{\AA}$ guides against evil by purifying
 $\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}\hat{\text{A}}\text{-}$ _____ of men from excessive and unlawful acquisition of wealth.

Answer: *The hearts*

FBQ10: Al-faqr refers to _____ in English.

Answer: *Poverty*

FBQ11: Al-Faq $\text{\AA}$ r refers to the _____ in English

Answer: *The poor*

FBQ12: Al-Misk $\text{\AA}$ n refers to the _____

Answer: *Needy*

FBQ13: "poverty is an evil": is the opinion of the _____

Answer: *Fatalists*

FBQ14: It is by the will of _____ that people become poor

Answer: *Allah*

FBQ15: "Poverty is self-made, a luck or destiny" is the opinion of the _____.

Answer: *Quranic group*

FBQ16: "The end justifies the means" is the opinion of the _____.

Answer: *Capitalist*

FBQ17: "Poverty is a problem which has a solution" is the view of _____.

Answer: *Islam*

FBQ18: Personal laziness and lacking initiative to strive can induce _____.

Answer: *Poverty*

FBQ19: _____ can cause an increase in crime rate.

Answer: *Poverty*

FBQ20: The pillar of Islam that is a solution to poverty is called _____.

Answer: *Zakāṭ*

FBQ21: The fifth pillar of Islam is _____.

Answer: *Hajj*

FBQ22: The money taking from the rich and given to the poor is called _____.

Answer: *Zakāṭ*

FBQ23: The first among the categories entitled for Zakāṭ is the _____.

Answer: *Poor*

FBQ24: The second among the categories entitled for Zakāṭ is the _____.

Answer: *Needy*

FBQ25: The third among the categories entitled for Zakāṭ is the _____.

Answer: *Collectors*

FBQ26: The fourth among the categories entitled for Zakāṭ is the _____.

Answer: *New converts*

FBQ27: The fifth among the categories entitled for Zakāṭ is the _____.

Answer: *Slaves*

FBQ28: The sixth among the categories entitled for Zakāṭ is the _____.

Answer: *Debtors*

FBQ29: The seventh among the categories entitled for Zakāṭ is the _____.

Answer: *Wayfarers*

FBQ30: The eighth among the categories entitled for Zakāṭ are those in the course of _____.

Answer: *Allah*

FBQ31: Zakāṭ is seen as a right of the poor and a debt upon the _____ in Islam.

Answer: *Rich*

FBQ32: In Islam those who give are better than those who _____.
Answer: *Receive*

FBQ33: Umar bn al-Khattab exhorts that it is better for people to get ropes and become hewers of wood than going about _____ whether they are given or not.
Answer: *Begging*

FBQ34: The second pillar of Islam is _____.
Answer: *Āḥḥāḥḥ*

FBQ35: The fourth pillar of Islam is _____.
Answer: *Āḥḥāḥḥ*

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):

MCQ1: How many Adhāḥḥ do we call during Janāḥḥzah prayer?
Answer: Neither Adhāḥḥ nor Iqāḥḥmah

MCQ2: Which direction does the dead body faces in the grave
Answer: The direction of Kaḥḥbah (Qiblah)

MCQ3: What is the proof for Janāḥḥzah prayer in absentia?
Answer: The Prophet (S.A.W) prayed for the King of Abyssinia in absentia

MCQ4: According to Sunnah, how many portions of the Quran should be recited every night during Tarāḥḥwāḥḥ prayer?
Answer: Juzāḥḥ™u

MCQ5: What is the literary meaning of Tahajjud?
Answer: To break the sleep and get up.

MCQ6: What is the literary meaning of Istikhāḥḥrah?
Answer: To desire good and seek well being

MCQ7: When does a Muslim do Istikhāḥḥrah?
Answer: When he wakes up in the night

MCQ8: When do Muslims observe Salatu `l- Istisqāḥḥ?
Answer: When there is hunger

MCQ9: Where can Salatu `l- Istisqāḥḥ be observed?
Answer: In the Mosque

MCQ10: How many rakāḥḥs are there in Salatu `l- Istisqāḥḥ?
Answer: Eight rakāḥḥs

MCQ11: After Salatu `l- Istisqāḥḥ, what do the members do while returning home?
Answer: They shout Takbāḥḥr

MCQ12: What is *ĀḥḥalawĀḥḥtu`l-Khusuf*?

Answer: Eclipses of the Moon and the Sun Prayers

MCQ13: How many rak`ahs are there in *ĀḥḥalawĀḥḥtu`l-Khusuf*?

Answer: Two rak`ahs

MCQ14: How many times is *ĀḥḥdhĀḥḥn* called during *ĀḥḥalawĀḥḥtu`l-Khusuf*?

Answer: Two times as usual

MCQ15: When do we observe *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥtu`l- khawf*?

Answer: When imam dies

MCQ16: What is the *FarĀḥḥid* of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*

Answer: Obligatory acts of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*

MCQ17: What is the *Sunnan* of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*?

Answer: Obligatory acts of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*

MCQ18: What is the *MustahabbĀḥḥt* of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*?

Answer: Obligatory acts of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*

MCQ19: What is the *MubtilĀḥḥt* of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*?

Answer: Obligatory acts of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*

MCQ20: How many are the *FarĀḥḥiĀḥḥ* of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*?

Answer: Ten

MCQ21: How many are the *Sunnan* of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*?

Answer: Ten

MCQ22: How many are the *MustaĀḥabbĀḥḥt* of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*?

Answer: Ten

MCQ23: How many are the *MubĀḥḥilĀḥḥt* of *ĀḥḥalĀḥḥt*

Answer: Ten

MCQ24: What is the literary meaning of *ZakĀḥḥt*?

Answer: Growth/ Blessing/ Goodness/purification

MCQ25: What is the technical meaning of *ZakĀḥḥt*?

Answer: One fifth of a Muslims total wealth given to the government at when due

MCQ26: When does Islam permit a Muslim to pray in the position of *Qa`dah*?

Answer: The sick one

MCQ27: When can a Muslim pray symbolically?

Answer: When he is sick

MCQ28: What can a patient do if he suffers persistent weakness and misses five

consecutive prayers?

Answer: He stands exempted and need not offer them later

MCQ29: In washing a dead Muslim, which parts of his body do we first begin with?

Answer: We begin with the head

MCQ30: Where does the imam stand while the dead body is in front of him?

Answer: Towards the head

MCQ31: How many takbārs are there in Janāzah prayer?

Answer: Two takbārs

CQ32: What does the Imam recite after the first takbār during Janāzah prayer?

Answer: Suratu 'l-Mulk

MCQ33: What does the Imam recite after the second takbār during Janāzah prayer?

Answer: Tasbihatu Zahra`u

MCQ34: What does the Imam recite after the third takbār during Janāzah prayer?

Answer: Tasbihatu Zahra`u

MCQ35: What does the Imam do after the third takbār during Janāzah prayer?

Answer: Offers a prayer for the forgiveness of the deceased